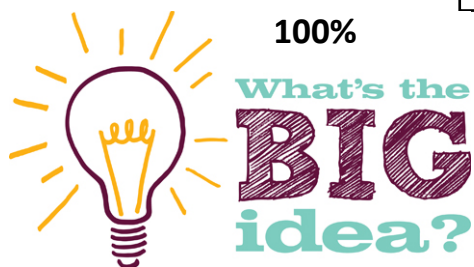


You need to know the content of this sheet.

100%



# 100% Sheet Analysis -Triple

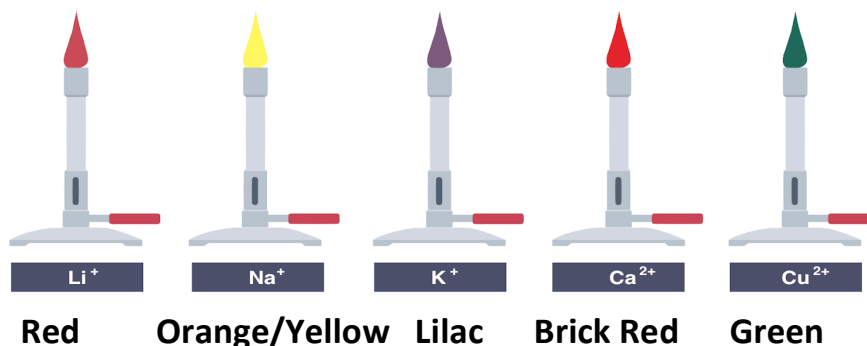
## Earth - analysis

The composition of the Earth and its atmosphere and the processes occurring within them shape the Earth's surface and its climate.

**CATIONS** travel to the cathode and so these must be **POSITIVE IONS**  
**ANIONS** travel to the anode and so these are **NEGATIVE IONS**

**You can only ever test for either Anions or Cations. So to identify an unknown compound you must test for each separately**

## Learn the flame test colours for these Cations



Using Sodium Hydroxide to identify metal ions (Cations)	
Aluminium, $\text{Al}^{3+}$	White Precipitate that then dissolves
Calcium, $\text{Ca}^{2+}$	White Precipitate that doesn't dissolve
Magnesium, $\text{Mg}^{2+}$	White Precipitate that doesn't dissolve
Copper (II), $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	Blue Precipitate
Iron (II), $\text{Fe}^{2+}$	Green Precipitate
Iron (III), $\text{Fe}^{3+}$	Brown Precipitate

Anion	Test	Result
Carbonate, $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	Add dilute acid (HCl)	Produces $\text{CO}_2$ , test with limewater
Halide, $\text{Cl}^-$ , $\text{Br}^-$ , $\text{I}^-$	Add silver Nitrate & dilute Nitric acid	$\text{Cl}^-$ - White precipitate $\text{Br}^-$ - Cream precipitate $\text{I}^-$ - Yellow precipitate
Sulfate, $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$	Add Barium chloride & dilute hydrochloric acid	White precipitate

Working Towards

Expected

Greater Depth

Sodium hydroxide solution was added to a solution containing ions of a metal.

A white precipitate was produced. The white precipitate dissolved in excess sodium hydroxide solution.

Use the correct answer from the box to complete the sentence.

aluminium

magnesium

potassium

The ions in the solution were ions of \_\_\_\_\_(1)

(A) Low sodium salt contains sodium chloride and potassium chloride.

A student used a flame test on low sodium salt.

- (i) What is the colour produced by sodium ions in a flame test? (1)
- (ii) What is the colour produced by potassium ions in a flame test? (1)
- (iii) Why is it **not** possible to tell from the flame test that both ions are present in low sodium salt? (1)

A student did two tests on a solution of compound **X**.

### Test 1

Sodium hydroxide solution was added.  
A blue precipitate was formed.

### Test 2

Dilute hydrochloric acid was added.  
Barium chloride solution was then added.  
A white precipitate was formed.

The student concluded that compound **X** is iron(II) sulfate.

Is the student's conclusion correct? Explain your answer. (3)